THE MAHARAJA SAYAJIRAO UNIVERSITY OF BARODA, VADODARA Ph. D. ENTRANCE TEST (PET) –27thJanuary 2019

Signature of Invigilators	Chemical Sciences (19/25)	Roll. No. (in figures as in Hall Ticket) Roll No.
		(in words)
Maximum Marks: 50No. Of Printed Pag	ges :8	

Instruction for the Candidate:

- 1. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page.
- 2. This paper consists of FIFTY (50)multiple choice type questions. Each Question carriesONE (1) mark.
- 3. At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below:
 - a. To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page, Do not accept a booklet without sticker seal and do not accept an open booklet.
 - b. Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faculty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
 - c. After this verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered on the OMR Answer Sheet and the OMR Answer Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
- 4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.

Example: (A) \bigcirc (C) (D) where (B) is correct response.

- 5. Your responses to the items are to be indicated on the OMR Answer Sheet under Paper II only. If you mark your response at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- 6. Read instructions given inside carefully.
- 7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
- 8. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Answer Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, such as change of response by scratching or using white fluid, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 9. You have to return the original OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are however, allowed to carry original question booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Answer Sheet on conclusion of examination
- 10. Use only Blue/ Black Ball point pen.
- 11. Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited.
- 12. There shall be no negative marking.

Chemical Sciences

(19/25)

This paper contains FIFTY (50) multiple-choice	quest	stions. Each Question carries ONE (1) mark.
01) The separation mechanism operating in GLC is:) Which of the following is <i>true</i> ?
A) Partition		A) The area under a DTA peak represents the
Adsorption		enthalpy of the change
Size exclusion		B) In DTA, both the reference and sample
Ion exchange		undergo change with temperature
		C) DTA is an abbreviation for Direct Thermal
02) Of the following statements, which ones will be		Analysis
e for a high pressure ternary gradient HPLC		D) Change in mass of sample with respect to that
tem?		of reference is determined in DTA
Three solvent reservoirs are required	07)) Which of the following is <i>not true</i> about galvanic
In-line degasser is required		method of oxygen analysis?
		A) Electrodes are composed of noble and base
· · · · · ·		metals
required		B) It can measure dissolved content of oxygen
Three pumps and a mixing tee are required		C) Its principle is based on electrolysis
		D) It utilizes an electronic cell
Only i, iii		b) it diffices an electronic cen
Only i, ii, iii	08)) The molarity of anNaOH solution was determined
Only i, ii, iv	· · ·	by titration vs KHP. Individual titrations gave the
D) Only i, iv		following concentrations: 0.1127 M, 0.1126 M,
		0.1132 M, 0.1174 M, 0.1173 M. With respect to
03) The method of least squares for determining the		rejection of data using Q test, and considering
best straight line through a collection of data points		Qcrit at 90% confidence level as 0.642, which of
ased on what principle?		the following statements is <i>true</i> ?
\mathbf{R}^2 should be equal to one.		A) Both the values, 0.1126M and 0.1174 M, are
Both s_m and s_b are negligible		retained
The slope should be close to 1 and intercept		B) The value 0.1126 M is rejected while 0.1174 is
should equal 0.		retained
The sum of the squared y-residuals is		C) The value 0.1126 M is retained while 0.1174
minimized.		M is rejected
		D) The value 0.1132 M is rejected
ss analyzer in mass spectrometer is similar to		D) The value 0.1152 in 15 rejected
which of the following in optical spectrometer?) Arrange the following oxides in order of their
Source	· · ·	increasing acidic character:
Monochromator		A) $N_2O < Na_2O < As_2O_3 < Cl_2O_7$
Detector		B) $N_2O < Cl_2O_7 < As_2O_3 < Na_2O$
Slit		C) $N_2O < N_2O < Cl_2O_7 < As_2O_3$
		D) $Na_2O < As_2O_3 < N_2O < Cl_2O_7$
ich of the following statements is <i>incorrect</i> ?		<i>D</i>) 11020 1115203 11020 101207
UV absorption is due to electronic transitions	10)) Which of the following species does not give
UV spectra provide information about valence	· · ·	oxygen on heating?
electrons		A) KClO ₃
IR absorption is attributable to transitions		B) $Zn(ClO_3)_2$
between rotational energy levels of whole		C) $(NH_4)_2Cr_2O_7$
molecules		D) $K_2Cr_2O_7$
NMR spectrometers use radiofrequency		$D_j = 1 \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}_i} D_i$
electromagnetic radiation		
	I	
	separation mechanism operating in GLC is: Partition Adsorption Size exclusion Ion exchange the following statements, which ones will be for a high pressure ternary gradient HPLC em? Three solvent reservoirs are required In-line degasser is required One pump and a proportionating valve are required Three pumps and a mixing tee are required Only i, iii Only i, i, iii Only i, i, iii Only i, i, iii Only i, i, iv Only i, i, iv only i, iv e method of least squares for determining the t straight line through a collection of data points ased on what principle? R^2 should be equal to one. Both s_m and s_b are negligible The slope should be close to 1 and intercept should equal 0. The sum of the squared y-residuals is minimized. ss analyzer in mass spectrometer is similar to ch of the following in optical spectrometer? Source Monochromator Detector Slit ich of the following statements is <i>incorrect</i> ? UV absorption is due to electronic transitions UV spectra provide information about valence electrons IR absorption is attributable to transitions between rotational energy levels of whole molecules NMR spectrometers use radiofrequency	separation mechanism operating in GLC is: Partition Adsorption Size exclusion Ion exchange06Adsorption Size exclusion Ion exchange06the following statements, which ones will be 2 for a high pressure ternary gradient HPLC em?07Three solvent reservoirs are required One pump and a proportionating valve are required07Only i, iii Only i, iii, iii Only i, ii, iii Only i, iv, iv08ented of least squares for determining the t straight line through a collection of data points ased on what principle? R² should be equal to one. Both s_m and s_b are negligible The slope should be close to 1 and intercept should equal 0. The sum of the squared y-residuals is minimized.09Source Monochromator Detector Slit09It of the following statements is <i>incorrect</i> ? UV absorption is due to electronic transitions UV spectra provide information about valence electrons IR absorption is attributable to transitions between rotational energy levels of whole molecules NMR spectrometers use radiofrequency10

- On the basis of VSEPR theory, the geometry of XeOF₄ can be described as _____.
 - A) Trigonalbipyramidal with O in axial position
 - B) Trigonalbipyramidal with O in equatorial position
 - C) Square planar with O and a lone pair cis to each other
 - D) Square bipyramidal with O and a lone pair trans to each other
- 12) The pair of compounds in which both the metals are in the highest possible oxidation state is
 - A) CrO_2Cl_2 , MnO_4^-
 - B) $[Co(CN)_6]^{3-}, MnO_2$
 - C) $[Fe(CN)_6]^{3-}$, $[Co(CN)_6]^{3-}$
 - D) TiO₂, MnO₂
- 13) The compound X on heating gives a colourless gas and a residue that is dissolved in water to give compound Y. Excess of CO₂ is bubbled through aqueous solution of Y, Z is formed. Solid Z on gentle heating gives back X. Then the compound is
 - A) Na₂CO₃
 - B) CaCO₃
 - C) K₂CO₃
 - D) CaSO₄.2H₂O
- 14) Which of the following symmetries of CO stretching vibrations in Fe(CO)₅ (*D*_{3h}) are IR active?
 - A) A_1' and E'
 - B) A_2'' and E'
 - C) A_1' and A_2''
 - D) A_1' , A_2'' and E'
- 15) Which of the following is a soft base?
 - A) CO₃²⁻
 - B) OH⁻
 - C) H⁻
 - D) CH₃COO⁻
- 16) Identify the nido-borane from the following:
 - A) B₅H₉
 - B) $[B_6H_6]^{2-}$
 - C) B₄H₁₀
 - D) B₅H₁₁

- 17) Which of the following substituted silane on hydrolysis gives cross-linked silicone polymer?
 - A) $(CH_3)_4Si$
 - B) $(CH_3)_3SiCl$
 - C) $(CH_3)_2SiCl_2$
 - D) CH₃SiCl₃
- The ligand field bands of lanthanide complexes are sharper than those of transition metal complexes because_____.
 - A) *f*-orbitals compared to the *d*-orbitals interact less effectively with ligands
 - B) *f*-orbitals have higher energy than *d*-orbitals
 - C) Transitions are allowed for lanthanide complexes
 - D) Intensity for the bands are higher for lanthanide complexes
- 19) The total number of metal-metal bonds in Os₃(CO)₁₂ and Co₄(CO)₁₂, respectively are
 - \overline{A} 0 and 4
 - A) 0 and 4B) 3 and 4
 - C) 3 and 5
 - D) 3 and 6
- 20) If any radioactive substance is subjected to vacuum, the rate of disintegration per second
 - A) Suffers a slight decrease.
 - B) Increased considerably.
 - C) Increase only if the products are gaseous.
 - D) Not affected.
- 21) _____ metal is present at the active site of protein carboxypeptidase A.
 - A) Molybdenum
 - B) Iron
 - C) Zinc
 - D) Copper
- 22) When Fe(CO)₅ reacts with OH⁻ to form compound X, which on oxidative with MnO₂ gives compound Y. Compounds X and Y respectively are
 - A) $[HFe(CO)_4]^-$ and Fe_2O_3
 - B) $[HFe(CO)_4]^-$ and $Fe_3(CO)_{12}$
 - C) $[Fe(CO)_5OH]^-$ and $Fe_2(CO)_9$
 - D) $[Fe(CO)_4]^{2-}$ and Mn(CO)₅

23) Which of the following forms best represent the most stable resonance structure for acroline (CH₂=CH-CHO)?



24) How will you best describe the change in the following two structures?



- A) Change in configuration
- B) Change in conformation
- C) There is no change
- D) Positional isomerism
- 25) What is the major product obtained in the following reaction?

$$H_2N^{OH} + CH_3Na (1 \text{ mol eq.})$$

A)
$$H_2N$$
 OCH₃
B) MeHN OH
C) H_2N ONa + CH₄
D) NaHN OH + CH₄

26) Arrange the bond angles of indicated H-C-H in the following compounds.



- A) $H_1-C_1-H_1 > H_2-C_2-H_2 > H_3-C_3-H_3$
- B) $H_1-C_1-H_1 > H_3-C_3-H_3 > H_2-C_2-H_2$
- C) H_2 -C₂-H₂> H₃-C₃-H₃> H₁-C₁-H₁
- D) $H_3-C_3-H_3 > H_2-C_2-H_2 > H_1-C_1-H_1$

27) Predict the main product **P** in the following reaction:

PhCH₂CH₂COOH
$$\frac{\overset{Pb(OAc)_4,}{Cu(OAc)_2 \text{ Catal.}}}{\underset{in AcOH}{\bullet} P$$

- A) PhCH₂CH₂OAc
- B) PhCH=CHOAc
- C) PhCH(OAc)CH₃
- D) PhCH(COOH)CH₃
- 28) The most stable conformation of 5-hydroxy-1,3-dioxane will be.



29) If the following compound with ¹³C labelled (indicated with *) undergoes given reaction, what product is expected?





30) Predict the product of the following reaction.



31) In the following reaction, the stereochemical description of P and Q will be.



- A) P is 'R' and Q is 'R'
- B) P is 'R' and Q is achiral
- C) P is 'S' and Q is 'S' (
- D) P is 'S' and Q is achiral
- 32) Predict the major product **P** in the following reaction.



33) Predict the major product **P** in the following reaction.



35) Which statement will accurately describe the changes taking place in the IR absorption frequencies of the following reactions?



- A) The IR frequency for carbonyl will decrease in both reactions (i and ii).
- B) The IR frequency for carbonyl will decrease in i while increase in ii.
- C) The IR frequency for carbonyl will increase in both reactions (**i** and **ii**).
- D) The IR frequency for carbonyl will increase in i while decrease in ii.

36) For the following set of compounds, which statement is correct?



- A) All compounds will show single signal in ¹H-NMR spectra, while compound III will show most down field signal, while it will appear most up field for IV.
- B) In ¹H-NMR as well as ¹³C-NMR analysis all compounds will show one signal only.
- C) All compounds will show a single singlet signal in ¹H-NMR spectral analysis. The most down field signal will be for II, then for III, then for I and the most up field will be for IV.
- D) All compounds will show a single singlet signal in ¹H-NMR spectral analysis. The most down field signal will be for III, then for II, then for IV and the most up field will be for I.
- 37) Order of steps in a typical polymerisation reaction is
 - A) Termination, Initiation and Progression
 - B) Progression, Initiation and Termination
 - C) Initiation, Progression and Termination
 - D) Progression, Termination and Initiation
- 38) Which statement is correct about polymer
 - A) Polymer can dissolve like a salt
 - B) polymer have fixed molecular weight
 - C) Polymer has average molecular weight
 - D) number and weight average molecular weights are equal
- 39) pH of a 10^{-7} HCl is equal to
 - A) 7
 - B) < 7
 - C) > 7
 - D) 1
- 40) Micelles can be called
 - A) Precipitates
 - B) Association colloids
 - C) Emulsions
 - D) Bilayers
- 41) Units of molecular partition function are
 - A) Cm⁻
 - B) S⁻¹
 - C) J K $^{-1}$ mol $^{-1}$
 - D) dimensionless

- 42) Chemisorption is a
 - A) Multilayer adsorption
 - B) Monolayer adsorption
 - C) Bilayer adsorption
 - D) Desorption
- 43) Reduced phase rule is given by
 - A) F = P C + 2
 - B) F = C P + 2
 - C) P = F C + 2
 - D) F=C-P+1
- 44) Electrochemical series is based on
 - A) Reduction Potential on Hydrogen scale
 - B) pH scale
 - C) Cell Voltage
 - D) Temperature Scale
- 45) $t_{1/2}$ of a reaction is doubled as the initial [reactant] is doubled. The order of the reaction is
 - A) 1
 - B) 0
 - C) 2
 - D) 3/2
- 46) According to Third law of thermodynamics, if T $\rightarrow 0$ then
 - A) G = 0
 - $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{)}\mathbf{H}=\mathbf{0}$
 - C) U = 0
 - D) S = 0
- 47) A crystal having unit cell dimensions $a\neq b\neq c$, $\alpha=\beta=\gamma=90^{\circ}$ is
 - A) Cubic
 - B) Tetragonal
 - C) Orthorhombic
 - D) Monoclinic
- 48) Which of the following solutions will have the lowest freezing point
 - A) 0.1 M NaCl
 - B) 0.1 M KNO₃
 - C) 0.2 M glucose
 - D) $0.1 \text{ M Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$
- 49) K_a of a weak acid is 10⁻⁵. pK_b of the conjugate base is
 - A) 6
 - B) 9
 - Ć) 5
 - D) 7
- 50) Raman effect is
 - A) Absorption of light
 - B) Emission of light
 - C) Elastic scattering of light
 - D) Inelastic scattering of light

Rough Work: