

**UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION  
NET BUREAU**

**Code No : 58**

**Subject : LAW**

**SYLLABUS AND SAMPLE QUESTIONS**

**Note :**

There will be two questions papers, Paper-II and Paper-III (Part-A & B). Paper-II will cover 50 Objective Type Questions (Multiple choice, Matching type, True/False, Assertion-Reasoning type) carrying 100 marks. Paper-III will have two Parts-A and B; Part-A will have 10 short essay-type questions (300 words) carrying 16 marks each. In it there will be one question with internal choice from each unit; Total marks will be 160. Part-B will be compulsory and questions will be set from Unit-I to Unit-X. The candidate will attempt one question from Part-B (800 words) carrying 40 marks. Total marks of Paper-III will be 200.

**PAPER-II**

**1. Constitutional Law of India**

Preamble  
Fundamental Rights and Duties  
Directive Principles of State Policy  
Judiciary  
Executive  
Union State Legislative Relations  
Emergency Provisions  
Amendment of the Constitution  
Writ Jurisdiction

**2. Legal Theory**

Nature and Sources of Law  
Positivism, Natural Law Theory, Sociological Jurisprudence  
Theories of Punishment  
Rights and Duties  
Concepts of Possession and Ownership

### **3. Public International Law**

Nature of International Law and its relationship with Municipal Law

Sources of International Law

Recognition of States and Governments

United Nations

Settlement of International Disputes

Human Rights

### **4. Family Law**

Concepts in Family Law

Sources of Family Law in India

Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage

### **5. Law of Contracts—General Principles**

Essentials of a valid contract

Offer, acceptance and consideration

Capacity to Contract—Minor's contract

Elements vitiating contract—mistake, fraud, misrepresentation, public policy, coercion, undue influence, frustration of contract

Remedies for breach of contract—Damages.

### **6. Law of Torts**

Foundation of Tortious Liability

General Defences to an action of Tort

Vicarious Liability

Remoteness of Damages

Contributory Negligence

Absolute and Strict Liability

### **7. Law of Crimes—General Principles**

Nature and Definition of Offence

General Exceptions

Common Intention and Common Object

Criminal Attempt, Conspiracy and Abetment

Offences against Women

## **8. Labour Law**

Concepts—Industry, Industrial Dispute and Workman

Trade Unions-Rights and Immunities of Registered Trade Union; Registration and its advantages

Methods for Settlement of Industrial Disputes under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

Strike and Lockout as Instruments of Collective Bargaining

Retrenchment, Lay-off and Closures

### **Unit—I**

Essential Features of Indian Constitution

Distribution of Legislative Powers between Union and States

Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy

Judiciary

Parliament and State Legislatures

Amending Process of the Constitution

Role of Election Commission in Democratic Process

### **Unit—II**

Nature, Scope and Importance of Administrative Law

Principles of Natural Justice

Administrative Discretion and its control

Judicial Review of Administrative Action—Writ Jurisdiction

Lokpal and Lokayukta

### **Unit—III**

Nature and Sources of Law

Legal Concepts—Right, Duty, Ownership, Possession and Person

Judicial Process—Application of Doctrine of Precedent of India

Judicial Contribution in Bringing Social Changes

Law and Morality

#### **Unit—IV**

General Principles of Criminal Law—meaning, nature, essentials and stages of offence

Joint Liability; Abetment and Criminal Conspiracy

Offences against Human Body

Offences against Property

Defamation

#### **Unit—V**

Environmental Pollution—Meaning of Environment and Environmental Pollution: Kinds of Pollution

Legislative Measures for Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution in India—Air and Water Pollution and General Protection of Environment

International Development for protection of Environmental Pollution

Remedies for Environmental Protection—Civil, Criminal and Constitutional

Importance of Forest and Wildlife in protecting environment

Environmental impact assessment and control of Hazardous wastes

#### **Unit—VI**

Nature of International Law and its sources

Concept of sovereignty and its relevance today

Recognition of State and Governments

Extradition, Asylum, Nationality and Status of Refugees

International Court of Justice

UNO and its organs

Global Trade Regime under International Law

#### **Unit—VII**

Marriage

Divorce

Adoption and Guardianship

Maintenance

Matrimonial Remedies

Uniform Civil Code

## **Unit—VIII**

Concept and Development of Human Rights

Contribution of United Nations in the development and implementation of Human Rights

Implementation of Human Rights in India—Role of National Human Rights Commission

Protection of Marginalised Groups—Women, Children, Minorities and Refugees

## **Unit—IX**

Nature and definition of Tort

General Principles of Tortious Liability

Specific Torts—Negligence, Nuisance and Defamation

Absolute Liability—Emerging trends in India

Consumer Protection—Evolution of Consumer Rights and Redressal of Consumer Grievances

## **Unit—X**

Partnership Act—Nature and essentials of partnership mutual rights and liabilities of partners, advantages of registration of firms

Sales of Goods Act

Negotiable Instruments Act

Company Law—Role of Directors, Doctrines of Indoor Management and Ultra Vires